



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Poisonous and Habit-Forming Drugs—Articles Containing, to be Labeled—Sale and Dispensing of Cocaine and Heroin. (Chap. 154, Act Mar. 1, 1915.)

Amendment.—That sections 2942 and 2943, compiled laws of North Dakota for the year 1913 be, and the same are hereby, amended to read as follows:

SEC. 2942. *Drugs and medicines to be labeled.*—Every proprietary product, drug, medicine, or beverage containing any alcohol, morphine, opium, alpha or beta eucaine, chloroform, cannabis indica, chloral hydrate, acetanilid, croton oil, cotton root, ergot, oil of tansy, or oil of savin, or any derivative, salt, or preparation of any such substance contained therein, shall be labeled in plain, open Gothic letters printed on a white background by themselves and immediately following the name of the product showing the name, the proportion or percentage of each of the foregoing constituents, and the said facts shall be set forth on the face or principal label, also upon the carton or container.

SEC. 2943. *Cocaine and heroin; how sold.*—No product or preparation shall be sold, offered for sale, or given away which contains cocaine or any of its salts or derivatives, and no delivery of cocaine or of its salts shall be made in this State except upon the written prescription of a duly licensed North Dakota physician, dentist, or veterinarian, and the said prescription shall not be refilled. That no product or preparation shall be manufactured, sold, or offered for sale, or given away containing any heroin, and that no person shall be permitted to have in his or her possession any preparation which contains heroin or any of its salts or derivatives, and no delivery of heroin or of any of its salts or derivatives shall be made in this State except on the written prescription or order of a physician duly licensed to practice in North Dakota, and said prescription or order shall not be refilled. It shall be unlawful for any duly registered physician or licensed dentist to write, issue, deliver, or dictate, either directly or indirectly, any prescription containing heroin for any habitual user, and it shall be unlawful for any licensed veterinarian or dentist to write, issue, deliver, or dictate, either directly or indirectly, any prescription for a human being of any preparation containing heroin. Any person violating any of the provisions of this section shall, upon conviction, be punished by a fine of not to exceed \$1,000, nor less than \$100, or by imprisonment in the State penitentiary not more than one year, or in the county jail not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment, and if such person be a licensed physician, dentist, veterinarian, or druggist, his license may be declared forfeited.

OHIO.

Ophthalmia Neonatorum—Notification of Cases—Prevention of. (Act May 25, 1915.)

SECTION 1. Any inflammation, swelling, or redness in either one or both eyes of any infant, either apart from or together with any unnatural discharge from the eye or eyes of such infant, independent of the nature of the infection, if any, occurring any time within two weeks after the birth of such infant, shall be known as "inflammation of the eyes of the new born."

SEC. 2. It shall be the duty of any physician, surgeon, obstetrician, midwife, nurse, maternity home or hospital of any nature, parent, relative, and any persons attendant on or assisting in any way whatsoever any infant or the mother of any infant at childbirth or any time within two weeks after childbirth, knowing the condition hereinabove defined to exist, within six hours thereafter to report such fact, as the State board of health shall direct, to the local health officer of the city, town, village, or whatever other political division there may be within which the infant or the mother of any such infant may reside. For such services the attending physician, surgeon, obstetrician, midwife, nurse, maternity home or hospital shall receive from the State treasurer a fee of 50 cents.